FIRST REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 568

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Jobs, Economic Development and Local Government, May 15, 2013, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 67.457, 67.463, and 67.469, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to neighborhood improvement districts special assessments.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 67.457, 67.463, and 67.469, RSMo, are repealed and

- 2 three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 67.457, 67.463,
- 3 and 67.469, to read as follows:
- 67.457. 1. To establish a neighborhood improvement district, the
- 2 governing body of any city or county shall comply with either of the procedures
- 3 described in subsection 2 or 3 of this section.
- 4 2. The governing body of any city or county proposing to create a
- 5 neighborhood improvement district may by resolution submit the question of
- 3 creating such district to all qualified voters residing within such district at a
- 7 general or special election called for that purpose. Such resolution shall set forth
- 8 the project name for the proposed improvement, the general nature of the
- 9 proposed improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries
- 10 of the proposed neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, and the
- 11 proposed method or methods of assessment of real property within the district,
- 12 including any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the
- 13 improvement in each year during the term of the bonds issued for the original
- 14 improvement and after such bonds are paid in full. The governing body of the
- 15 city or county may create a neighborhood improvement district when the question
- 16 of creating such district has been approved by the vote of the percentage of

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electors within such district voting thereon that is equal to the percentage of 17 18 voter approval required for the issuance of general obligation bonds of such city or county under article VI, section 26 of the constitution of this state. The notice 19 20 of election containing the question of creating a neighborhood improvement district shall contain the project name for the proposed improvement, the general 2122nature of the proposed improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the 23 boundaries of the proposed neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, the 24proposed method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, 25 including any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement in each year after the bonds issued for the original improvement are 26 27 paid in full, and a statement that the final cost of such improvement assessed against real property within the district and the amount of general obligation 28bonds issued therefor shall not exceed the estimated cost of such improvement, 2930 as stated in such notice, by more than twenty-five percent, and that the annual assessment for maintenance costs of the improvements shall not exceed the 31 estimated annual maintenance cost, as stated in such notice, by more than 32twenty-five percent. The ballot upon which the question of creating a 33 34neighborhood improvement district is submitted to the qualified voters residing within the proposed district shall contain a question in substantially the following 35 36 form:

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3. As an alternative to the procedure described in subsection 2 of this section, the governing body of a city or county may create a neighborhood improvement district when a proper petition has been signed by the owners of record of at least two-thirds by area of all real property located within such proposed district. Each owner of record of real property located in the proposed district is allowed one signature. Any person, corporation, or limited liability partnership owning more than one parcel of land located in such proposed district

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shall be allowed only one signature on such petition. The petition, in order to 53 54 become effective, shall be filed with the city clerk or county clerk. A proper petition for the creation of a neighborhood improvement district shall set forth 55 56 the project name for the proposed improvement, the general nature of the proposed improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries 57 58 of the proposed neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, the proposed 59 method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, including 60 any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement in each year during the term of the bonds issued for the original improvement 61 and after such bonds are paid in full, a notice that the names of the signers may 62 not be withdrawn later than seven days after the petition is filed with the city 63 clerk or county clerk, and a notice that the final cost of such improvement 64 assessed against real property within the district and the amount of general 65 obligation bonds issued therefor shall not exceed the estimated cost of such 66 67 improvement, as stated in such petition, by more than twenty-five percent, and that the annual assessment for maintenance costs of the improvements shall not 68 69 exceed the estimated annual maintenance cost, as stated in such petition, by more than twenty-five percent. 70

4. Upon receiving the requisite voter approval at an election or upon the filing of a proper petition with the city clerk or county clerk, the governing body may by resolution or ordinance determine the advisability of the improvement and may order that the district be established and that preliminary plans and specifications for the improvement be made. Such resolution or ordinance shall state and make findings as to the project name for the proposed improvement, the nature of the improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries of the neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, the proposed method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, including any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement in each year after the bonds issued for the original improvement are paid in full, and shall also state that the final cost of such improvement assessed against the real property within the neighborhood improvement district and the amount of general obligation bonds issued therefor shall not, without a new election or petition, exceed the estimated cost of such improvement by more than twenty-five percent.

5. The boundaries of the proposed district shall be described by metes and bounds, streets or other sufficiently specific description. The area of the

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neighborhood improvement district finally determined by the governing body of 89 90 the city or county to be assessed may be less than, but shall not exceed, the total area comprising such district. 91

- 6. In any neighborhood improvement district organized prior to August 28, 1994, an assessment may be levied and collected after the original period 93 94approved for assessment of property within the district has expired, with the proceeds thereof used solely for maintenance of the improvement, if the residents 9596 of the neighborhood improvement district either vote to assess real property 97 within the district for the maintenance costs in the manner prescribed in subsection 2 of this section or if the owners of two-thirds of the area of all real 98 property located within the district sign a petition for such purpose in the same manner as prescribed in subsection 3 of this section. 100
 - 7. Prior to any assessment hereafter being levied against any real property within any neighborhood improvement district, and prior to any lien enforceable under either chapter 140 or 141 being imposed after August 28, 2013 against any real property within a neighborhood improvement district, the clerk of the governing body establishing the neighborhood improvement district shall cause to be recorded with the recorder of deeds for the county in which any portion of the neighborhood improvement district is located, a document conforming to the provisions of sections 59.310 and 59.313, and which shall contain at least the following information:
 - (1) Each owner of record of real property located within the neighborhood improvement district at the time of recording, who shall be identified in the document as grantors and indexed by the recorder pursuant to section 59.440;
- (2) The governing body establishing the neighborhood 116 improvement district and the title of any official or agency responsible 117 for collecting or enforcing any assessments, who shall be identified in 118 the document as grantees and so indexed by the recorder pursuant to 119 section 59.440;
- (3) The legal description of the property within the neighborhood improvement district which may either be the metes and bounds description authorized in subsection 5 of this section or the 122legal description of each lot or parcel within the neighborhood improvement district; and
- 125 (4) The identifying number of the resolution or ordinance

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126 creating the neighborhood improvement district, or a copy of such 127 resolution or ordinance.

67.463. 1. At the hearing to consider the proposed improvements and assessments, the governing body shall hear and pass upon all objections to the proposed improvements and proposed assessments, if any, and may amend the proposed improvements, and the plans and specifications therefor, or assessments as to any property, and thereupon by ordinance or resolution the governing body of the city or county shall order that the improvement be made and direct that financing for the cost thereof be obtained as provided in sections 67.453 to 67.475.

- 2. After construction of the improvement has been completed in accordance with the plans and specifications therefor, the governing body shall compute the final costs of the improvement and apportion the costs among the property benefitted by such improvement in such equitable manner as the governing body shall determine, charging each parcel of property with its proportionate share of the costs, and by resolution or ordinance, assess the final cost of the improvement or the amount of general obligation bonds issued or to be issued therefor as special assessments against the property described in the assessment roll.
- 3. After the passage or adoption of the ordinance or resolution assessing the special assessments, the city clerk or county clerk shall mail a notice to each property owner within the district which sets forth a description of each parcel of real property to be assessed which is owned by such owner, the special assessment assigned to such property, and a statement that the property owner may pay such assessment in full, together with interest accrued thereon from the effective date of such ordinance or resolution, on or before a specified date determined by the effective date of the ordinance or resolution, or may pay such assessment in annual installments as provided in subsection 4 of this section.
- 4. The special assessments shall be assessed upon the property included therein concurrent with general property taxes, and shall be payable in substantially equal annual installments for a duration stated in the ballot measure prescribed in subsection 2 of section 67.457 or in the petition prescribed in subsection 3 of section 67.457, and, if authorized, an assessment in each year thereafter levied and collected in the same manner with the proceeds thereof used solely for maintenance of the improvement, taking into account such assessments and interest thereon, as the governing body determines. The first installment shall be payable after the first collection of general property taxes following the

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adoption of the assessment ordinance or resolution unless such ordinance or 35 resolution was adopted and certified too late to permit its collection at such time. All assessments shall bear interest at such rate as the governing body 37 38 determines, not to exceed the rate permitted for bonds by section 108.170. Interest on the assessment between the effective date of the ordinance 39 40 or resolution assessing the assessment and the date the first installment is payable shall be added to the first installment. The interest for one year on all 41 42unpaid installments shall be added to each subsequent installment until paid. In the case of a special assessment by a city, all of the installments, together with 43 the interest accrued or to accrue thereon, may be certified by the city clerk to the 44 county clerk in one instrument at the same time. Such certification shall be good 45 for all of the installments, and the interest thereon payable as special 46 47 assessments.

5. Special assessments shall be collected and paid over to the city treasurer or county treasurer in the same manner as taxes of the city or county are collected and paid. In any county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and any county of the first classification with more than one hundred thirty-five thousand four hundred but fewer than one hundred thirty-five thousand five hundred inhabitants, the county collector may collect a fee as prescribed by section 52.260 for collection of assessments under this section.

67.469. A special assessment authorized under the provisions of sections
67.453 to 67.475 shall be a lien, from the date of the assessment, on the property
against which it is assessed on behalf of the city or county assessing the same to
the same extent as a tax upon real property. The lien may be foreclosed in the
same manner as a tax upon real property by land tax sale pursuant to chapter
140 or [by judicial foreclosure proceeding], if applicable to that county,
chapter 141, or at the option of the governing body, by judicial foreclosure
proceeding. Upon the foreclosure of any such lien, whether by land tax sale or
by judicial foreclosure proceeding, the entire remaining assessment may become
due and payable and may be recoverable in such foreclosure proceeding at the
option of the governing body.

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